We Claim

1. A process for preparing a pure cis isomer from a mixture of cis-trans isomers of formula

wherein Ar is phenyl or naphthyl optionally mono-or disubstituted by C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{1-5} alkoxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl, ester or amido; and R is C_{1-5} alkyl;

comprising the steps of:

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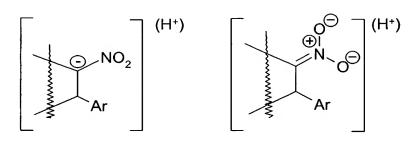
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- a. dispersing a mixture of cis and trans isomers of formula I in an inert solvent wherein said cis isomer is substantially less soluble than said trans isomer;
- b. heating said dispersion to completely dissolve said trans isomer and to dissolve at least 10% by weight of the cis isomers;
 - c. maintaining said heating step to allow interconversion of said cis and trans isomers;
 - d. cooling said mixture thereby crystallizing the cis isomer; and
 - e. separating said crystalline cis isomer from said solvent.
 - 2. The process according-to claim 1 wherein said formula I is comprised of a chiral carbon atom C₁ and an adjacent chiral carbon atom C₂; and

wherein C₂ is attached to a hydrogen atom and to a strongly electron withdrawing group selected from the group consisting of nitro, nitroso, nitrile, cyanato, isocyanato, nitro substituted aryl, sulfonyl, and carbonyl; and

wherein at least one atom or group attached to C_1 is different from the atoms or groups attached to C_2

- 3. The process according to claim 1 wherein said interconversion of the cis and trans isomers involves bond cleavage and reforming at carbon atom C_2 .
- 4. The process of claim 3 wherein said bond cleavage and reforming takes place at the bond between carbon atom C_2 and its attached hydrogen atom.
- 5. The process of claim 4 wherein said bond cleavage results in an achiral transition compound having resonance formula;



- 6. The process of claim 5 wherein said cis and trans isomers in said solvent interconvert through said transition compound.
- 7. The process of claim 1 wherein said crystallization of the cis isomer results in a further interconversion of the dissolved trans isomer into the cis isomer.

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- 8. The process according to claim 1 wherein said dispersed cis and trans isomer mixture is comprised of solid cis and trans isomers in a weight ratio of about 1:1.
- 9. The process according to claim 4 wherein at least a portion of said cis and trans isomers are present in a solution equilibrium of said cis and trans isomer in a ratio of 3:1.
- 10. The process according to claim 1 wherein said mixture is heated to a temperature range of about 40 °C to about 55 °C.
- 11. The process according to claim 10 wherein said mixture is heated to a temperature range of about 40°C to about 45°C.
- 12. The process according to claim 1 wherein said heating step continues for a period of at least one hour.
- 13. The process of claim 10 wherein said heating step continues for a period of about 4 to about 10 hours.
- 14. The process of claim 1 wherein said mixture is cooled to a temperature of about 0 °C to about 35 °C.
 - 15. The process according to claim 1 wherein R is C₁-C₅ alkyl.
 - 16. The process according to claim 1 wherein Ar is phenyl.
 - 17. The process according to claim 1 wherein said compound of formula I is benzylidene-(5,5-dimethoxy-2-nitro-1-phenyl-heptyl)-amine.
 - 18. The process according to claim 1 wherein said inert solvent is selected from the group consisting of an alcohol having formula R^1OH , a mixture of alcohols having formula R^1OH , and a mixture of water with one or more alcohols of formula R^1OH wherein R^1 is C_1-C_5 alkyl.
 - 19. The process according to claim 18 wherein said solvent is methanol.
- 30 20. The process according to claim 1 wherein said mixture is comprised of four stereoisomers.

- 21. The process according to claim 20 wherein said four stereoisomers are comprised of two pair of enantiomers.
- 22. The process according to claim 24 wherein a first pair of enantiomers consists of a cis isomer and its mirror image and a second pair of enantiomers consists of a trans isomer and its mirror image.

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- 23. The process of claim 22 wherein said cis isomer and said trans isomer are diastereoisomers.
- 24. The process according to claim 1 wherein said cis and trans isomers are interconverted through transition compounds having the resonance formulas,